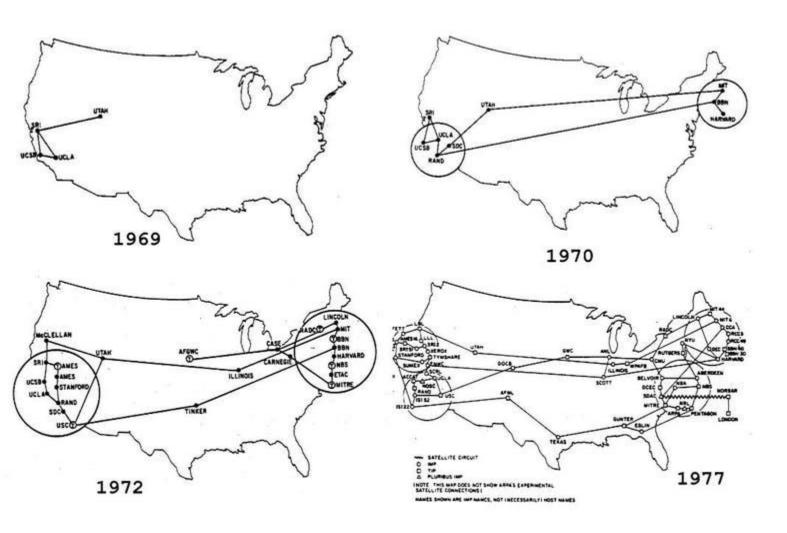
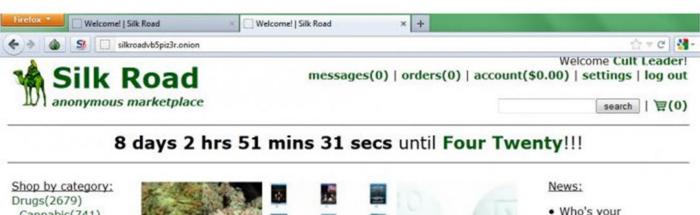
Unveiling the Shadows: Analysis of Illicit Drug Trade on Telegram

Jack Cunliffe, School of Social Policy, Sociology and Social Research,
University of Kent

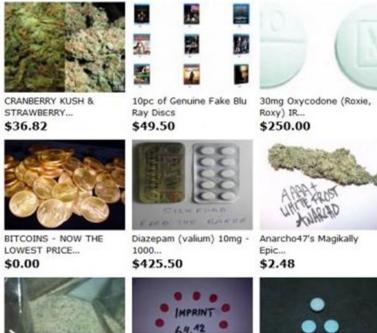
Haiyue Yuan, School of Computing, University of Kent David Décary-Hétu, École de criminologie, Université de Montréal





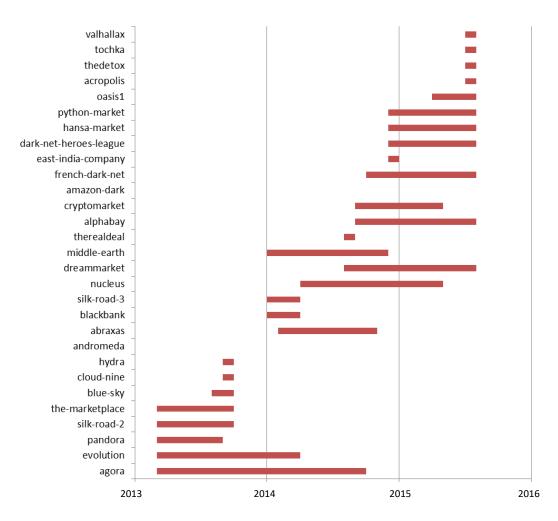


Cannabis(741) Dissociatives(59) Ecstasy(274) Opioids(214) Other(76) Prescription(515) Psychedelics(348) Stimulants(256) Apparel(22) Books(283) Computer equipment(13) Digital goods(220) Drug paraphernalia(52) Electronics(19) Fireworks(1) Forgeries(41) Hardware(3) Home & Garden(5) Jewelry(1)



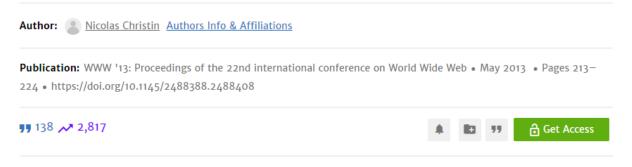
- Who's your favorite?
- Acknowledging Heroes
- A new annonymous market The Armory!
- State of the Road Address

DATACRYPTO



RESEARCH-ARTICLE

Traveling the silk road: a measurement analysis of a large anonymous online marketplace



ABSTRACT

We perform a comprehensive measurement analysis of Silk Road, an anonymous, international online marketplace that operates as a Tor hidden service and uses Bitcoin as its exchange currency. We gather and analyze data over eight months between the end of 2011 and 2012, including daily crawls of the marketplace for nearly six months in 2012. We obtain a detailed picture of the type of goods sold on Silk Road, and of the revenues made both by sellers and Silk Road operators. Through examining over 24,400 separate items sold on the site, we show that Silk Road is overwhelmingly used as a market for controlled substances and narcotics, and that most items sold are available for less than three weeks. The majority of sellers disappears within roughly three months of their arrival, but a core of 112 sellers has

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Research ~

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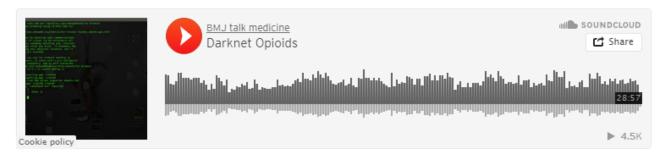
Campaigns >

Archive

Research

Effect of restricting the legal supply of prescription opioids on buying through online illicit marketplaces: interrupted time series analysis

BMJ 2018; 361 doi: https://doi.org/10.1136/bmj.k2270 (Published 13 June 2018) Cite this as: *BMJ* 2018;361:k2270



Linked Editorial

Tighter prescribing regulations drive illicit opioid sales

Article Related content Metrics Responses Peer review

James Martin, associate professor of criminology 1 , Jack Cunliffe, lecturer in quantitative methods and criminology 2 , David Décary-Hétu, assistant professor of criminology 3 , Judith Aldridge, professor of criminology 4

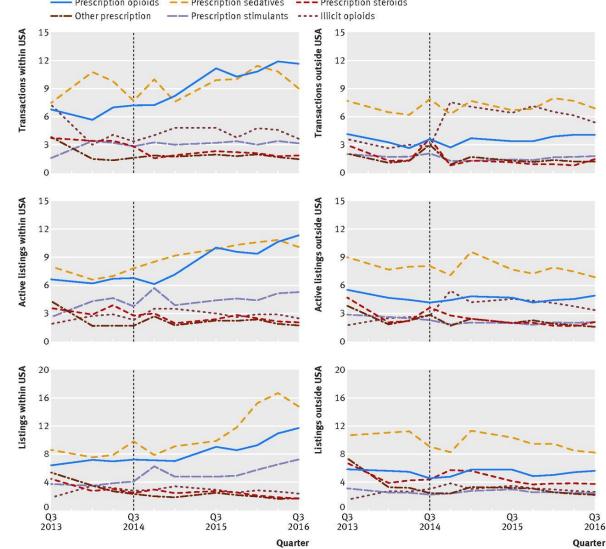
Author affiliations >

Correspondence to: J Cunliffe j.d.cunliffe@kent.ac.uk

Accepted 22 April 2018

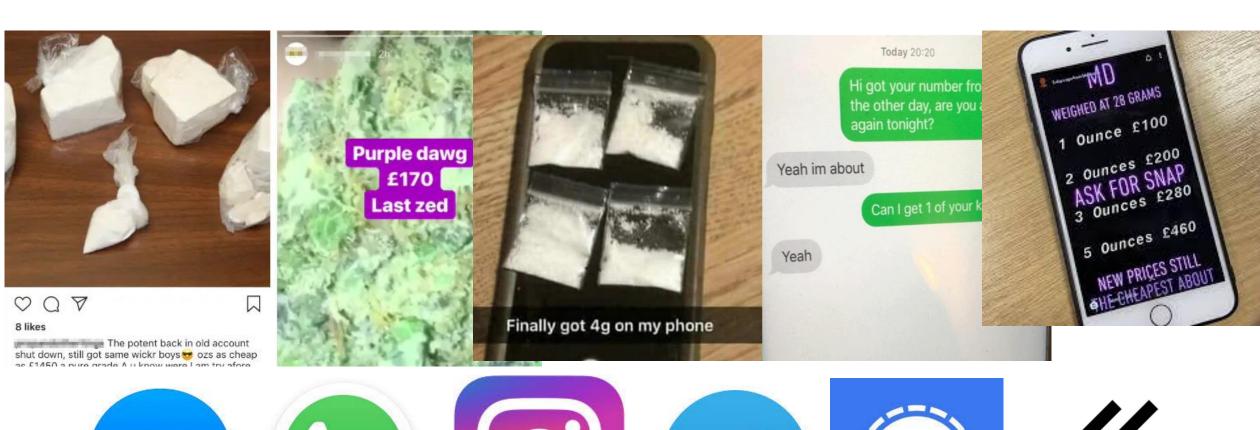
Percentage of online drug transactions, active listings, and listings by drug category for products sold within the US compared with elsewhere, quarter 3 2013 to quarter 3 2016.

— Prescription opioids —— Prescription sedatives ——— Prescription steroids





Social media dealing















University of Kent FPH2024

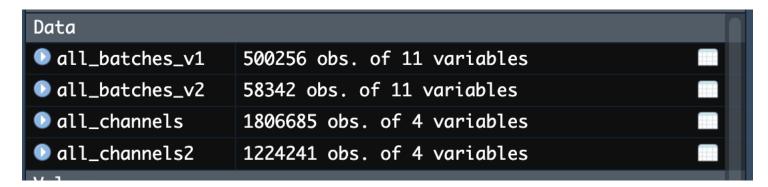
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Can we collect and analyse Telegram information in the same way we've approached cryptomarkets?

Data collection

- Python script using the Telegram API
- Started with 25 initial channels
 - broadly based in Berlin and London
- scraped and parsed, collected telegram links, iterated the process 3 times
- Repeated twice, in March and May



	March scrape		May scrape		
	Unique channels	Containing links	Unique channels	Containing links	
Level 1	25	15	25	10	
Level 2	315	40	344	6	
Level 3	1396		85		
Total unique channels	1525		428		
Public	539	35%	183	43%	
Private	986	65%	245	57%	

They are illicit drug channels

- Channel A:
 Free Delivery on All Purchases
 Some of the Best Prices
 Smartwhips and chargers on post!
- Channel B:
 THC Edibles
 Best U.K. flower
 THC lean
 Pre Rolls

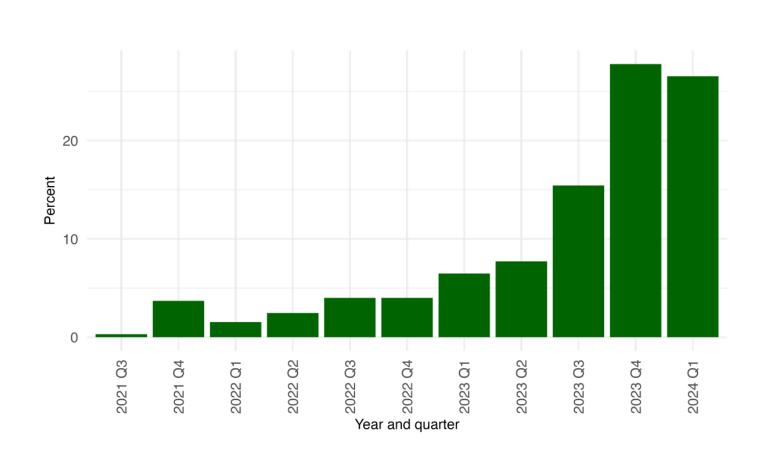
 Guarantee next day delivery

 Vouched by many

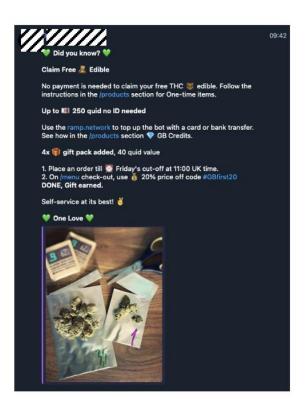
Dip sampling of private channels (N = 50) confirmed that all were indeed people selling illicit drugs

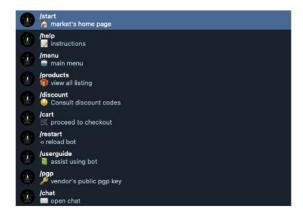
 Channel C: No1 suppliers for the best snow and all your other party needs yell

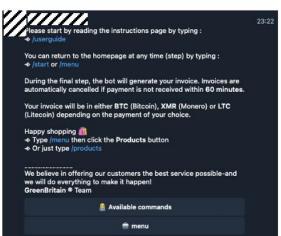
Survival and size

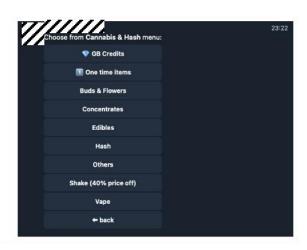


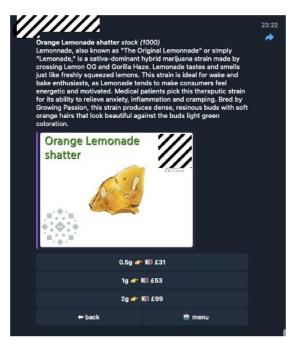
Percentile	Number of subscribers
10th	6
20th	16
30th	34
40th	68
50th	116
60th	195
70th	300
80th	525
90th	1401
95th	2082
99th	5854
Max	150757

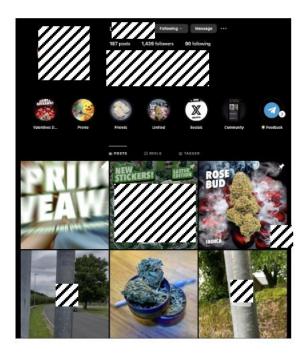






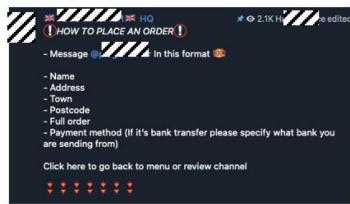






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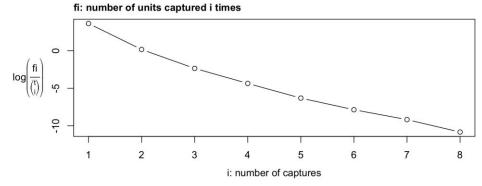


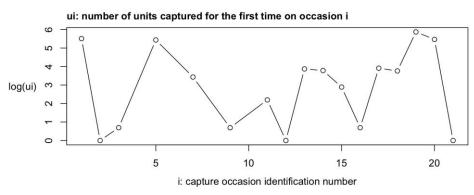




Multiple systems estimation

Exploratory Heterogeneity Graph





Number of captured units: 1322

Abundance estimations and model fits:

		abundance	stderr	deviance	df	AIC	BIC	infoFit
MO		1733.8	31.7	327.484	19	378.170	388.544	warning #3
Мh	Chao (LB)	2530.7	120.1	3.468	12	68.154	114.836	OK
Мh	Poisson2	1733.9	31.7	327.336	18	380.022	395.582	OK
Мh	Darroch	2217.9	63.1	87.933	18	140.619	156.180	OK
Мh	Gamma3.5	3914.9	280.7	18.997	18	71.683	87.244	OK

Conclusions

- Does appear to be lively illicit drug trade on Telegram
 - channels appear and disappear, with a handful dominating
 - mainly seems to be cannabis, MDMA, cocaine, psychedelics
 - less evidence of opioids
- Bot appear to be relatively widespread and with a 'certain way of doing things'
- Lot of limitations and avenues for more work!
 - Requires a much more systematic approach with significantly more resource

Le Monde

PIXELS - SOCIAL MEDIA

Telegram CEO Pavel Durov arrested in France in world-first case

The founder of the messaging service was arrested on Saturday evening at Le Bourget airport outside of Paris. He is the subject of an investigation for the lack of moderation on his platform.

By Damien Leloup and Benjamin Quénelle (Moscou, correspondant)
Published on August 25, 2024, at 4:35 pm (Paris) - ♂ 6 min read - Lire en français



Subscribers only



Pavel Durov, CEO and co-founder of Telegram, speaks on stage during the first day of TechCrunch Disrupt SF on September 21, 2015 in San Francisco, California. STEVE JENNINGS / AFP

Thanks for listening

jdc@kent.ac.uk